$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(a+h)^2 - a^2}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(a+h)^2 - a^2}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{a^2 + 2ah + h^2 - a^2}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{a^2 + 2ah + h^2}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{a^2 + ah + h^2}{h}$$

$$8 : \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2ah + h^{2}}{h}$$

$$8 : \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(2a+h)}{h}$$

$$9 : 2a + 0$$

$$4 = a$$

$$(4,16)$$

ex.2 Find the slopes of the tangent lines to the graph of the function f(x) = Tx at the points (1,1), $\lfloor 4,2 \rfloor$, and $\lfloor 9,3 \rfloor$.

$$(9,3).$$

$$M : \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$M : \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

5)
$$m = 12$$
 $y = 12(x+2)$
7) $m = -\frac{2}{47}$ $y = \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{2}{47}(x-3)$
9) $m = \frac{1}{4}$ $y = 2 = \frac{1}{4}(x-3)$