## Lesson 5 Solving Problems with Two Right Triangles

## Recall:

## Angle of Elevation



The angle of elevation is the angle formed by the line of sight and the horizontal plane for an object above the horizontal.

## Angle of Depression



The angle of depression is the angle formed by the line of sight and the horizontal plane for an object below the horizontal.

## Angle of Elevation = Angle of Depression



## Example 1

Determine the length of CD correct to 3 decimal places.


## Example 2

A surveyor stands at a window on the $9^{\text {th }}$ floor of an office tower. He uses a clinometer to measure the angles of elevation and depression of the top and the base of a taller building. The surveyor sketches the following plan of his measurements. Determine the height of the taller building to the nearest tenth of a metre.


## Example 3

A police airplane, flying at an altitude of 800 m , spots a speeding vehicle at an angle of depression of $52^{\circ}$. If a roadblock is set up along the same highway at an angle of depression of $23^{\circ}$, determine the distance the vehicle is from the roadblock to the nearest hundredth of a kilometer.

