

Lesson 4 Logs with Special Bases

The most important base number for exponential functions is the value denoted by e . Like π , e (Euler's number) is an irrational number whose value is 2.718281828347045...

Evaluating Logarithms

Base 10

- $y = \log_{10} x$ is called a common logarithmic function
- also written as $y = \log x$

Base e

- the inverse of the natural exponential function $y = e^x$ is $y = \log_e x$ which is more commonly written as $y = \ln x$ (natural logarithm)

* pronounced "lon" x

Ex.1) Use your calculator to evaluate the following logs.

a) $\log 100$

b) $\log \frac{1}{10}$

c) $\ln 100$

d) $\ln e^3$

e) $\ln 1$

f) $\ln e^7$

g) $\log 0$

h) $\log 1$

i) $\ln e$

Ex. 2) Use your calculator to evaluate the inverse logarithm. (ie. Solve for x)

a) $\log x = 5$

b) $\ln_e x = -0.3$

*The calculator is only useful for base 10 and base e (special bases). For non-special bases we use exponential form or change of base formula.

Change of Base Theorem

$$\log_b n = \frac{\log_a n}{\log_a b} \quad \text{where } a, b \text{ and } n > 0, a \neq 1, b \neq 1$$

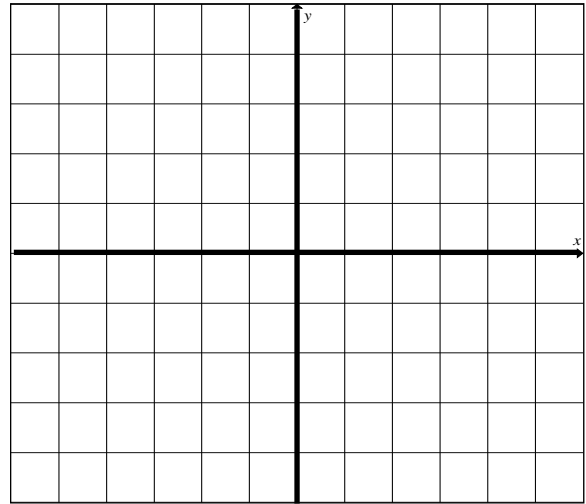
Ex. 3) Evaluate the following.

a) $y = \log_2 3$

b) $y = \log_7 \pi$

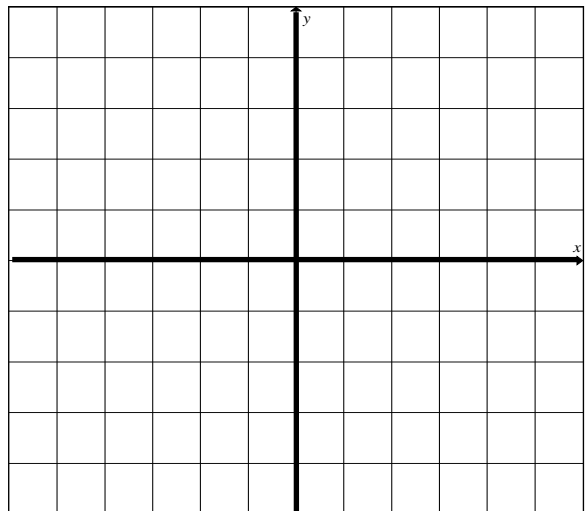
Sketching $y = e^x$ and $y = \ln x$

Ex. 1) Sketch the graph of $y = e^x$.

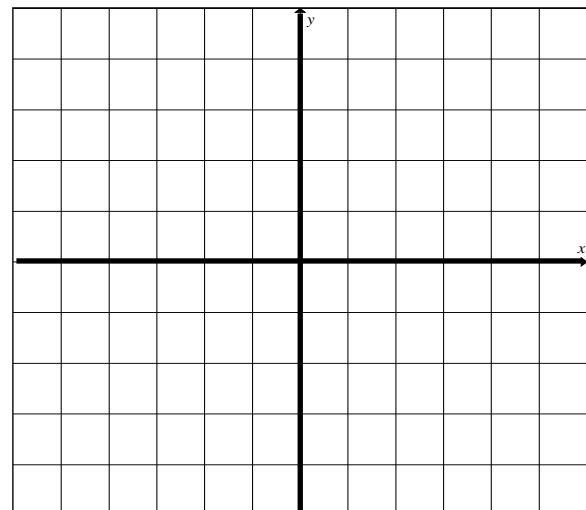


Ex. 2) Sketch the graph of $y = \ln x$.

- The inverse of $y = e^x$ is $y = \log_e x$
- More commonly written as $y = \ln x$



Ex. 3) Sketch the graph of $y = -e^x - 2$.



Assignment: Sketch the graph of: 1.) $y = -e^{-x+1}$, 2.) $y = \ln(-x) + 1$, 3.) $y = 2e^{(x-1)}$,
4.) $y = -\ln(-x + 2)$