

L8 Factoring Special Polynomials

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Lesson 8 Factoring Special Polynomials

Example 1 – Perfect Square Trinomials

(same factor twice)

Factor each trinomial. (Recall: You can verify by multiplying the factors.)

a) $4x^2 + 12x + 9$

perfect squares

$(2x+3)(2x+3)$

or

$(2x+3)^2$

$(2x+3)(2x+3)$

$6x + 6x$

$12x$

b) $4 - 20x + 25x^2$

rewrite

$25x^2 - 20x + 4$

$(5x-2)(5x-2)$

or

$(5x-2)^2$

check "sum"

$(5x-2)(5x-2)$

$-10x - 10x$

$-20x$

Difference of Squares

A Difference of Squares is a binomial of the form $a^2 - b^2$.

$(a+b)(a-b)$

A difference of squares results when you multiply two binomials that are the **sum** and the **difference** of the same two quantities (conjugates).

$(x+y)(x-y)$

$x^2 - xy + xy - y^2$

$x^2 - y^2$

same terms, different signs

Perfect square minus Perfect square

Example 3 – Factoring a Difference of Squares

Factor each binomial.

a) $36x^2 - 25$

$$(6x + 5)(6x - 5)$$

square root first and last terms
Opposite signs (+, -)

b) $16m^2 - 49n^2$

$$(4m - 7n)(4m + 7n)$$

or

$$(4m + 7n)(4m - 7n)$$

c) $\frac{3a^3}{3a} - \frac{12ab^2}{3a}$

$$3a(a^2 - 4b^2)$$

GCF → $3a(a + 2b)(a - 2b)$ ← difference of squares

d) $x^4 - 16$

$$(x^2 + 4)(x^2 - 4)$$

$(x^2 + 4)(x - 2)(x + 2)$ ← diff of squares

Note:
a sum of squares does
not factor

Factoring sheet
special cases
(odds)

Try $4x^2 - 81$

$$18x^2 - 2$$